Notice of results of purchase of own shares through ToSTNeT-3 and the status on a program of purchasing own shares (Pursuant to Article 165, Paragraph 2 of the Companies Act)

Kubota Corporation (hereinafter the “Company”) has announced that it purchased own shares, pursuant to the announcement made on August 5, 2020, as described below. In addition, it has also announced that there was no purchase of own shares from July 1, 2020 to August 5, 2020.

1. Details of purchasing own shares
   1. Class of shares purchased: Common shares of the Company
   2. Number of shares purchased: 3,423,200 shares
   3. Amount of shares purchased: ¥5,494,236,000
   4. Date of purchase: August 6, 2020
   5. Method of purchase: Purchase through the Tokyo Stock Exchange Trading Network Off-Auction Own Share Repurchase Trading System (ToSTNeT-3)

(Reference)

1. Details of the resolution at the Meeting of the Board of Directors on April 17, 2020:
   (1) Class of shares to be purchased: Common shares of the Company
   (2) Number of shares to be purchased: Not exceeding 20 million shares (1.7% of the total number of shares issued excluding treasury shares)
   (3) Amount of shares to be purchased: Not exceeding ¥20 billion
   (4) Term of validity: From April 20, 2020 to December 14, 2020
2. Total number of shares purchased based on the resolution above (as of August 6, 2020):
   (1) Number of shares purchased: 8,007,900 shares
   (2) Amount of shares purchased: ¥12,494,202,600

< Cautionary Statements with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements >

This document may contain forward-looking statements that are based on management’s expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks and uncertainties, which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual future results may differ materially from what is forecast in forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including, without limitation: general economic conditions in the Company’s markets, particularly government agricultural policies, levels of capital expenditures, both in public and private sectors, foreign currency exchange rates, the occurrence of natural disasters, continued competitive pricing pressures in the marketplace, as well as the Company’s ability to continue to gain acceptance of its products.

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