

# Financial Results for the nine months ended September 30, 2022



#### For Earth, For Life Kubata

#### **Financial Summary**

(1	Jnit: billions of yen)	Nine months ended	Nine months ended	Changes		
	,	Sept. 30, 2022	Sept. 30, 2021	Amount	%	
Revenue		1,954.2	1,641.6	+312.5	+19.0	
	Domestic	441.6	446.1	-4.4	-1.0	
	Overseas	1,512.6	1,195.6	+317.0	+26.5	
Ор	erating	9.4%	12.9%			
pro	fit	183.4	211.5	-28.1	-13.3	
Pro	fit before	10.0%	13.0%			
inc	ome taxes	196.0	213.8	-17.8	-8.3	
Prof	it attributable to	6.8%	8.9%			
own	ers of the parent	133.3	146.6	-13.3	-9.1	

(Unit: billions of yen)	As of	As of	Changes		
(Onit. billions of year)	Sept. 30, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	Amount	%	
Total assets	4,779.9	3,773.5	+1,006.4	+26.7	
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	1,964.3	1,678.0	+286.3	+17.1	

Excluding the effects of fluctuation in exchange [+160.0 billion yen], the increase rate in total overseas revenue is 13%.

#### Revenue by Reportable Segment (Year-on-Year)

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## Machinery: +300.0 billion yen (Domestic: -9.2, Overseas: +309.3)

Japan

Sales of farm equipment decreased due to termination of subsidies for business continuation of farmers and stagnated rice price.

North America Shipping of tractors continues in order to replenish dealer inventories, while stagnation of housing market became more clearly. Sales of CE and engines increased thanks to demand for infrastructure development by the government.

Europe

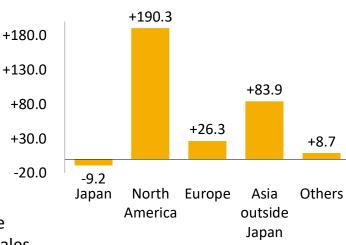
Sales of CE and engines increased thanks to demand for construction. Sales of tractors decreased due to inventory shortage of mowers in 2Q. In addition, they also decreased due to a decline in investment appetite caused by inflation.

Asia outside Japan In Thailand, sales for rice farming decreased due to adverse reaction from government project in the prior year, while sales for dryland farming were strong. In India, sales for dryland farming were solid thanks to expectation of a good harvest, while sales for rice farming decreased due to floods. In China, sales, mainly rice transplanters, were stagnant due to lockdown in the first half of this year, despite increased sales of tractors thanks to rush demand before implementation of the new emission regulation.

Others

Sales were firm mainly in Australia, where demand is solid.

■ Changes in revenue by region (Billions of yen)



※Escorts is consolidated from the 2Q of FY2022

#### Revenue by Reportable Segment (Year-on-Year)





#### Water: +15.2 billion yen (Domestic: +7.5, Overseas: +7.7)

Pipe system

Sales of steel pipes increased thanks to price increase while construction works have a tendency to delay due to staff shortage at construction sites.

Sales of plastic pipes increased thanks to price increase in addition to solid sales for construction, while sales for infrastructure decreased.

Materials and Urban infrastructure

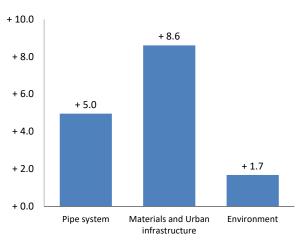
Sales of reformer and cracking tubes for overseas projects were stable.

Environment

Sales of water supply and sewage facilities increased because operating and maintenance services and public private partnership projects increased.

Sales of pumps decreased due to adverse reaction from special demand for drainage pump vehicles in the prior year.

■ Changes in revenue by business (Billions of yen)





# Other: -2.7billion yen (Domestic: -2.7, Overseas: -0.0)

Other is mainly comprised of a variety of other services such as logistics.

(Unit: billions of yen)	Nine months ended Nine months ended billions of yen) Sept. 30, 2022 Sept. 30, 2021				Change	es
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Operating profit	183.4	9.4	211.5	12.9	-28.1	-13.3

#### Factors affecting operating profit (YoY change -28.1 billion yen)

1.Fluctuation in exchange rates	US\$ (109→128 *1) Euro (130→136 *1) Other currencies	+31.0 billion yen +3.0 billion yen +10.0 billion yen	<b>+44.0</b> billion yen
2.Foreign exchange gain/loss			+16.7 billion yen
3.Material	Machinery Water	-53.9 billion yen -12.4 billion yen	-66.3 billion yen
4.Change in sales incentive ratio	North America : -16.6 billion yen etc.		<b>-17.2</b> billion yen
5.Impact of increased or decreased	d sales		<b>+11.7</b> billion yen
6.Sales price increase			+72.2 billion yen
	28.0 billion yen, R&D expenses ▲17. ortization ▲5.0 billion yen, etc.	.0 billion yen,	-89.2 billion yen

<sup>\*1:</sup> Exchange rates, which affected profit of exported products from Japan in consideration of the period of transportation and inventory, were as follows: US\$:107→120 Euro:128→133

#### **Anticipated Operating Results**

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(Unit: billions of yen)		Year ending Dec. 31, 2022	Year ended Dec. 31, 2021	Changes		
		(Forecast)	(Actual)	Amount	%	
Rev	venue	2,600.0	2,196.8	+403.2	+18.4	
	Domestic	604.0	602.8	+1.2	+0.2	
	Overseas	1,996.0	1,594.0	+402.0	+25.2	
Ор	erating	9.2%	11.2%			
pro	ofit	240.0	246.2	-6.2	-2.5	
Pro	ofit before	9.8%	11.5%			
inc	ome taxes	254.0	252.6	+1.4	+0.6	
Prof	fit attributable to	6.7%	8.0%			
owr	ners of the parent	173.0	175.6	-2.6	-1.5	

Previous forecast (Aug. 2022)								
2	2,640.0							
	626.0							
	2,014.0							
9.8%								
	260.0							
10.3%								
	273.0							
7.0%								
	185.0							

Excluding the effects of fluctuation in exchange [+227.0 billion yen], the increase rate in total overseas revenue is 11%.

#### **Anticipated Operating Profit**

# For Earth, For Life

		Year ending Dec. 31, 2022		Year ended Dec. 31, 2021		25
(Unit: billions of yen)	(Forecast)		(Actual)		Changes	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Operating profit	240.0	9.2	246.2	11.2	-6.2	-2.5

#### Factors affecting operating profit (YoY change -6.2 billion yen)

1.Fluctuation in exchange rates	US\$ (110→132 *1) Euro (130→137 *1) Other currencies	+57.0 billion yen +5.0 billion yen +14.0 billion yen	+76.0 billion yen
2.Foreign exchange gain/loss			+14.1 billion yen
3.Material	Machinery Water	-64.2 billion yen -18.7 billion yen	-82.9 billion yen
4.Change in sales incentive ratio	North America : -28.4 billion y	en etc.	-25.9 billion yen
5.Impact of increased or decrease	d sales		- <b>0.4</b> billion yen
6.Sales price increase			<b>+107.1</b> billion yen
	39.3 billion yen, R&D expens ortization ▲6.7 billion yen, e		-94.2 billion yen

<sup>\*1:</sup> Exchange rates, which affected profit of exported products from Japan in consideration of the period of transportation and inventory, were as follows: US\$:108→124 Euro:129→134

#### **Anticipated Operating Profit by Reportable Segment**

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(Unit: billions of yen)		Year ending Dec. 31, 2022 (Forecast)	Year ended Dec. 31, 2021 (Actual)	Changes	
	Revenue	2,246.0	1,864.8	+381.2	
Machinery	Operating profit	255.0	250.4	+4.6	
	OP margin	11.4%	13.4%	-2.1P	
	Revenue	330.0	305.4	+24.6	
Water	Operating profit	18.0	22.3	-4.3	
	OP margin	5.5%	7.3%	-1.8P	
	Revenue	24.0	26.6	-2.6	
Other	Operating profit	4.0	3.7	+0.3	
	OP margin	16.7%	13.9%	+2.7P	
Adjustment	Operating profit	-37.0	-30.2	-6.8	
	Revenue	2,600.0	2,196.8	+403.2	
Total	Operating profit	240.0	246.2	-6.2	
	OP margin	9.2%	11.2%	-2.0P	

# Accompanying Materials

#### Supplementary data of U.S.

■ YoY growth rate of retail sales units in the tractor market by horsepower

		JanMar.	AprJun.	JulSept.	OctDec.	JanJun.	JanSept.	JanDec.
	0-40hp	+64.3%	-1.9%	+1.2%	+2.9%	+15.2%	+10.5%	+8.9%
2021	40-120hp	+34.0%	+11.4%	+4.9%	+3.8%	+19.3%	+13.8%	+11.1%
	120-160hp	+29.8%	+16.9%	+29.2%	+18.7%	+22.1%	+24.5%	+22.7%
	0-40hp	-10.8%	-18.7%	-21.4%		-15.8%	-17.5%	
2022	40-120hp	-4.2%	-13.4%	-9.5%	1	-9.8%	-9.7%	1
	120-160hp	+10.3%	+3.9%	+4.4%	-	+6.5%	+5.7%	-

Source: AEM (Association of Equipment Manufacturers)

■ YoY growth rate of retail sales units in the mini-excavator market (0-6t)

	JanMar.	AprJun.	JulSept.	OctDec.	JanJun.	JanSept.	JanDec.
2021	+34.7%	+27.4%	+4.6%	+1.0%	+30.3%	+20.5%	+14.5%
2022	+10.2%	-7.7%	+7.6%	-	-0.3%	+2.3%	-

Source: AEM (Association of Equipment Manufacturers)

■ YoY growth rate of retail sales units in the compact track loader market

	JanMar.	AprJun.	JulSept.	OctDec.	JanJun.	JanSept.	JanDec.
2021	+46.5%	+32.3%	+8.5%	-7.1%	+37.9%	+26.5%	+15.2%
2022	-1.7%	-9.1%	-1.1%	-	-6.0%	-4.4%	-

Source: AEM (Association of Equipment Manufacturers)

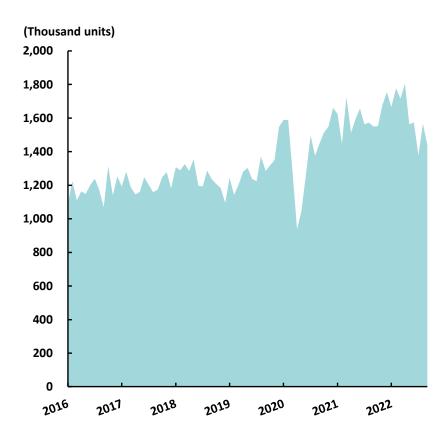
■ YoY growth rate of retail sales units in the skid steer loader market

		JanMar.	AprJun.	JulSept.	OctDec.	JanJun.	JanSept.	JanDec.
	2021	+14.8%	+27.1%	-2.6%	-21.6%	+21.1%	+12.3%	-0.8%
Ī	2022	-20.3%	-18.9%	-15.7%	-	-19.6%	-18.3%	-

Source: AEM (Association of Equipment Manufacturers)

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■ New privately owned housing units started (Seasonally adjusted annual rate)

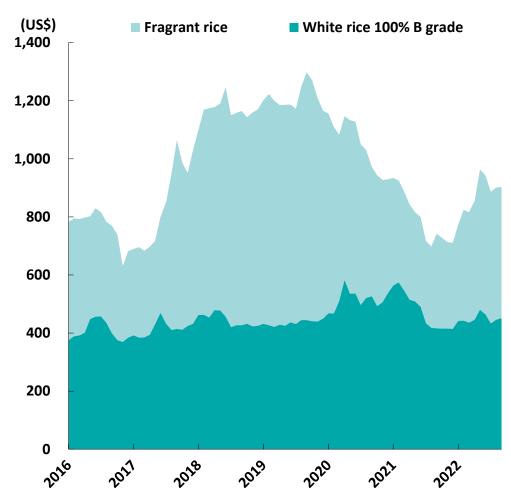


Source: U.S. Census Bureau

#### **Supplementary data of Thailand**

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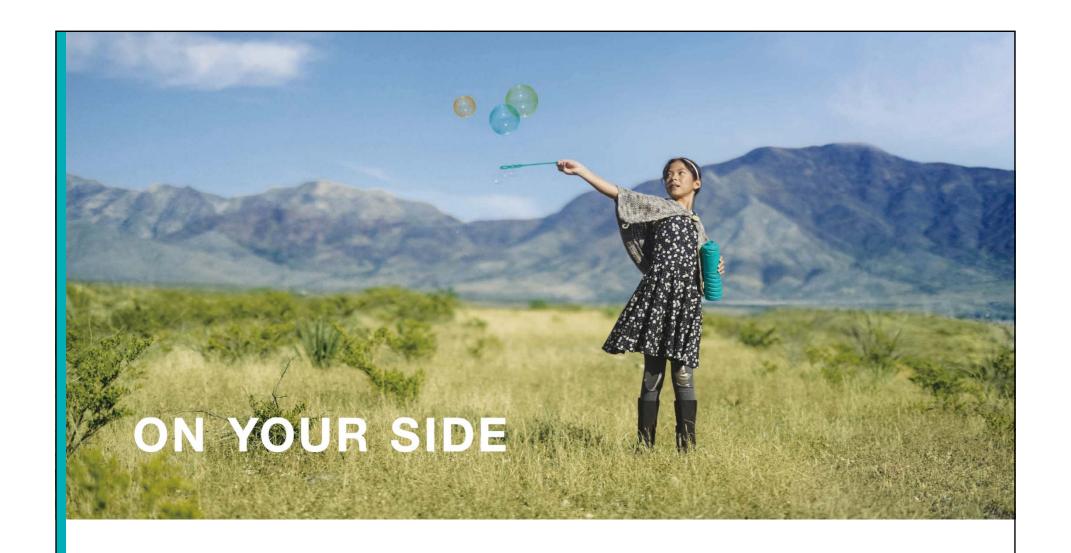
■ Export price of Thai rice (US\$/t)



Source: USDA, Thai Rice Exporters Association

#### <u>Cautionary Statements with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements</u>

This document may contain forward-looking statements that are based on management's expectations, estimates, projections, and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks and uncertainties, which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual future results may differ materially from what is forecast in forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including, without limitation: general economic conditions in the Company's markets, particularly government agricultural policies, levels of capital expenditures both in public and private sectors, foreign currency exchange rates, the occurrence of natural disasters, continued competitive pricing pressures in the marketplace, as well as the Company's ability to continue to gain acceptance of its products.



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